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Clear	Generate Collection	Print	Fwd Refs	Bkwd Refs
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Search Results - Record(s) 1 through 4 of 4 returned.

☐ 1. Document ID: US 20040265613 A1

AB: A composition and method for inhibiting stain formation in a floor covering. The composition includes a copper glycine complex in combination with magnesium hydroxide and a carrier. The composition can be advantageously applied to a wood-based substrate upon which a floor covering is overlaid. Flooring assemblies that include the composition are also provided.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Draw. Des
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☐ 2. Document ID: US 5688491 A

AB: Disclosed are oral compositions such as toothpastes, mouthrinses, liquid dentifrices, lozenges and gums containing copper bis-glycinate.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Draw. Des
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☐ 3. Document ID: US 20040265613 A1

AB: NOVELTY - A stain formation inhibiting composition comprises copper glycine complex, magnesium hydroxide and carrier.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for:

(1) a method for inhibiting stain formation in floor covering (20) overlaying a wood-based substrate (40) comprising applying the stain inhibiting composition to the surface (30) of the wood-based substrate to provide a coated substrate, and overlaying the floor covering onto the coated substrate; and

(2) a flooring assembly (10) resistant to stain formation comprising floor covering and wood-based substrate having a surface coated with the composition.

USE - Inhibiting stain formation on floor covering (claimed).

ADVANTAGE - The composition inhibits bottom-up stain formation in overlaid

vinyl flooring that does not require a drying period subsequent to application and prior to vinyl flooring installation.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure is a cross-sectional view of a flooring assembly.

Assembly 10

Floor covering 20

Surface 30

Substrate 40

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KUMC	Draw Des
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☐ 4. Document ID: RU 2241037 C1

AB: NOVELTY - Invention relates to preparing bacterial polysaccharides. Exopolysaccharides are prepared by culturing the stain-producer Acinetobacter sp. IMB B-7005 under conditions of aeration at 28-30 deg. C in nutrient medium containing an aqueous solution of mineral salts, yeast autolyzate as the source of growth factors and ethyl alcohol as a source of carbon nutrition followed by isolation of exopolysaccharides formed. Prepared exopolysaccharides comprise a significant amount of fatty acids that provide more high viscosity of their solutions, in the presence of mono- and bivalent cations, at low pH values, low shift rates in a system of copper-glycine.

USE - Biotechnology, microbiology.

ADVANTAGE - Improved preparing method. 2 ex

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KUMC	Draw Des
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Clear	Generate Collection	Print	Fwd Refs	Bkwd Refs	Generate OACS
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Terms	Documents
L7 and stain	4

Display Format:

[Previous Page](#)

[Next Page](#)

[Go to Doc#](#)

Hit List

Clear	Generate Collection	Print	Fwd Refs	Bkwd Refs
Generate OACS				

Search Results - Record(s) 1 through 6 of 6 returned.

☐ 1. Document ID: US 6727212 B2

AB: The present application relates to a method of softening soil deposited on a hard surface. The method comprises contacting a hard surface having soil with a composition having a soil softening additive incorporated into the composition. The compositions may be formulated at either high or low pH and preferred soil softening additives are amylase enzymes.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KWIC	Draw. Des
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☐ 2. Document ID: US 6342473 B1

AB: This invention relates to hard surface cleaning compositions which include modified alkylbenzene sulfonate surfactant mixtures.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KWIC	Draw. Des
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☐ 3. Document ID: US 6303556 B1

AB: This invention relates to hard surface cleaning compositions which include modified alkylbenzene sulfonate surfactant mixtures.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KWIC	Draw. Des
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☐ 4. Document ID: US 5421897 A

AB: A process for removing a contaminant from a surface. In the first step of this process, a liquid-state composition is applied to a surface comprising a contaminant. Next, the liquid-state composition is allowed to solidify into a solid-state matrix comprising the contaminant, thereby sequestering the contaminant. Finally, the solid-state matrix is removed from the surface, thereby decontaminating the surface. Also provided is a process for cleaning up a contaminant-containing spill in which a liquid-state composition is applied to the spill, physically mixed with the spill, and allowed to form a solid-state matrix. The matrix is

then removed, thereby cleaning up the spill. A further process is provided for detecting a contaminant in a surface or spill, in which a contaminant-detecting compound is applied to a surface or spill and is allowed to react with the contaminant to produce a detectable change, thereby detecting the contaminant. A further process is provided for mitigating the toxicity of a contaminant in a surface or spill, in which a toxicity-mitigating compound is applied to a surface or spill and allowed to react with the contaminant to form a compound which is less toxic than the contaminant. Also disclosed is a process for accelerating the formation of a solid-state matrix from a liquid-state composition. In this process, a composition comprising a chemical drying agent is applied to the liquid-state composition.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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☐ 5. Document ID: US 5108643 A

AB: Stable microemulsion cleaning compositions are described which, in the absence of opacifying component, appear clear to the eye, and which are especially useful for cleaning surfaces having oily or greasy soils thereon, which comprise synthetic organic detergent, water, co-surfactant of a described type, and perfume (or equivalent hydrocarbon). The detergent composition may be concentrated and may be employed as is, or it may be in dilution with water, in the form of a similarly clear and stable microemulsion. In process aspects of the invention both the concentrated and the diluted compositions may be employed to remove oily and greasy stains from substrates, such as normally shiny bathroom fixture and floor and wall surfaces, including tiles, by a "spray and wipe" process, which leaves the surface shiny, with minimal or no rinsing needed. When the invented compositions are acidic they are also useful for removing lime scale and soap scum from hard surfaces. Also described are processes for manufacturing the invented compositions.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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☐ 6. Document ID: US 5076954 A

AB: A stable microemulsion cleaning composition is described, which, in the absence of opacifying component, appears clear to the eye, and which is especially useful for cleaning surfaces having oily or greasy soils thereon, which comprises synthetic organic detergent, water, co-surfactant of the described type, and perfume, which is the only "solvent". The concentrated detergent composition may be employed as is, or may be easily diluted with water to form a similarly clear and stable microemulsion. In process aspects of the invention both the concentrated and the diluted compositions may be employed to remove oily and greasy stains from substrates, such as normally shiny bathroom fixture and floor and wall surfaces, including tiles, by a "spray and wipe" process, which leaves the surface shiny. When the invented compositions are acidic they are useful for removing lime scale and soap scum from hard surfaces.

Also described are processed for manufacturing and diluting the invented compositions.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KWC	Draw Des
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Terms	Documents
L14 and (magnesium adj hydroxide)	6

Display Format:

[Previous Page](#)

[Next Page](#)

[Go to Doc#](#)

Hit List

Clear	Generate Collection	Print	Fwd Refs	Bkwd Refs
Generate OACS				

Search Results - Record(s) 1 through 5 of 5 returned.

☐ 1. Document ID: US 6844309 B1

AB: Ether-capped poly(oxyalkylated) alcohol surfactants having superior grease cleaning abilities and improved spotting/filming benefits are provided. The alcohol surfactants have the formula:

wherein, R is selected from the group consisting of linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted, aliphatic or aromatic hydrocarbon radicals having from about 1 to about 30 carbon atoms; R.sup.1 may be the same or different, and is independently selected from the group consisting of branched or linear C.sub.2 to C.sub.7 alkylene in any given molecule; R.sup.2 is selected from the group consisting of: (i) a 4 to 8 membered substituted, or unsubstituted heterocyclic ring containing from 1 to 3 hetero atoms; (ii) a 7 to 13 membered substituted, or unsubstituted polycyclic ring; (iii) a hydrocarbon of the formula:

wherein x is a number from 1 to about 30.

RO(R.sup.1 O).sub.x R.sup.2

--(CH.sub.2).sub.y --X wherein, y is an integer from 1 to 7, X is a 4 to 8 membered substituted, or unsubstituted, saturated or unsaturated cyclic or aromatic hydrocarbon radical; and (iv) a hydrocarbon radical of the formula:

--C(CH.sub.3).sub.2 R.sup.3 wherein R.sup.3 is selected from the group consisting of linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted, aliphatic or aromatic hydrocarbon radicals having from about 1 to about 30 carbon atoms, provided that when R.sup.3 is methyl, R is branched;

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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☐ 2. Document ID: US 6790815 B1

AB: The present invention relates to a product of reaction between a primary and/or secondary amine and one or more active ingredients. By the present invention, there is provided a release of the active component over a longer period of time than by the use of the active itself.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KMIC	Drawn Des
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☐ 3. Document ID: US 6593287 B1

AB: Compositions including ether-capped poly(oxyalkylated) alcohol surfactants having superior grease cleaning abilities and improved spotting/filming benefits are provided. The alcohol surfactants have the formula:

wherein, R is selected from the group consisting of linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted, aliphatic or aromatic hydrocarbon radicals having from about 1 to about 30 carbon atoms; R.sup.1 may be the same or different, and is independently selected from the group consisting of branched or linear C.sub.2 to C.sub.7 alkylene in any given molecule; R.sup.2 is selected from the group consisting of: (i) a 4 to 8 membered substituted, or unsubstituted heterocyclic ring containing from 1 to 3 hetero atoms; (ii) a 7 to 13 membered substituted, or unsubstituted polycyclic ring; (iii) a hydrocarbon of the formula:

wherein x is a number from 1 to about 30.

RO(R.sup.1 O).sub.x R.sup.2

--(CH.sub.2).sub.y --X wherein, y is an integer from 1 to 7, X is a 4 to 8 membered substituted, or unsubstituted, saturated or unsaturated cyclic or aromatic hydrocarbon radical; and (iv) a hydrocarbon radical of the formula:

--C(CH.sub.3).sub.2 R.sup.3 wherein R.sup.3 is selected from the group consisting of linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted, aliphatic or aromatic hydrocarbon radicals having from about 1 to about 30 carbon atoms, provided that when R.sup.3 is methyl, R is branched;

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KMIC	Drawn Des
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☐ 4. Document ID: US 6566312 B2

AB: The present invention relates to a product of reaction between a primary and/or secondary amine and one or more active ingredients. By the present invention, there is provided a release of the active component over a longer period of time than by the use of the active itself.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KMIC	Drawn Des
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☐ 5. Document ID: US 6413920 B1

AB: The present invention relates to a product of reaction between a primary and/or secondary amine and one or more active ingredients. By the present invention, there is provided a release of the active component over a longer period of time than by the use of the active itself.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference				Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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Clear	Generate Collection	Print	Fwd Refs	Bkwd Refs	Generate OACS
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Terms	Documents
L20 and aminoacid	5

Display Format:

[Previous Page](#) [Next Page](#) [Go to Doc#](#)

Hit List

[Clear](#)[Generate Collection](#)[Print](#)[Fwd Refs](#)[Bkwd Refs](#)[Generate OACS](#)

Search Results - Record(s) 1 through 10 of 20 returned.

☐ 1. Document ID: US 20050159364 A1

AB: Copper antagonist compounds and the use of such compounds in methods for the treatment, prevention, or amelioration of various disorders that would be benefited by reduction in copper, for example copper (II), including neurodegenerative and other disorders.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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☐ 2. Document ID: US 20050136049 A1

AB: The invention relates to novel binding domain-immunoglobulin fusion proteins that feature a binding domain for a cognate structure such as an antigen, a counterreceptor or the like, a wild-type IgG1, IGA or IgE hinge-acting region, i.e., IgE CH2, region polypeptide or a mutant IgG1 hinge region polypeptide having either zero, one or two cysteine residues, and immunoglobulin CH2 and CH3 domains, and that are capable of ADCC and/or CDC while occurring predominantly as polypeptides that are compromised in their ability to form disulfide-linked multimers. The fusion proteins can be recombinantly produced at high expression levels. Also provided are related compositions and methods, including cell surface forms of the fusion proteins and immunotherapeutic applications of the fusion proteins and of polynucleotides encoding such fusion proteins.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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☐ 3. Document ID: US 20050107870 A1

AB: An implantable medical device that contains two coating layers disposed above at least one of its surfaces. The first coating layer contains a biologically active material; and the second coating layer contains a polymeric material and nanomagnetic material disposed on the first coating layer; the second coating layer is substantially free of the biologically active material. The nanomagnetic material has a saturation magnetization of from about 2 to about 3000 electromagnetic units per cubic centimeter, and it contains nanomagnetic particles with an average particle size of less than about 100 nanometers; the average coherence length between adjacent nanomagnetic particles is less than 100 nanometers.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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☐ 4. Document ID: US 20050079132 A1

AB: An assembly with a substrate, nanomagnetic material and magnetoresistive material. The nanomagnetic material has a saturation magnetization of from about 2 to about 3000 electromagnetic units per cubic centimeter; and it contains nanomagnetic particles with an average particle size of less than about 100 nanometers. The average coherence length between adjacent nanomagnetic particles is less than 100 nanometers.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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☐ 5. Document ID: US 20050043208 A1

AB: The present invention relates to a product of reaction between a primary and/or secondary amine and one or more active ingredients. By the present invention, there is provided a release of the active component over a longer period of time than by the use of the active itself.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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☐ 6. Document ID: US 20050043205 A1

AB: The present invention relates to a laundry and cleaning composition comprising a detergent ingredient and a product of reaction between an amino functional polymer comprising at least one primary and/or secondary amine group, and a perfume component. By the present invention, there is obtained a release of the perfume component over a longer period of time than by the use of the perfume itself.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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☐ 7. Document ID: US 20050009727 A1

AB: The present invention relates to a laundry and cleaning composition comprising a detergent ingredient and a product of reaction between a primary and/or secondary amine and a perfume component. By the present invention, there is obtained a release of the active component over a longer period of time than by the use of the active itself.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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☐ 8. Document ID: US 20040147426 A1

AB: The present invention relates to a laundry and cleaning composition comprising a detergent ingredient and a product of reaction between an amino functional polymer comprising at least one primary and/or secondary amine group, and a perfume component. By the present invention, there is obtained a release of the perfume component over a longer period of time than by the use of the perfume itself.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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☐ 9. Document ID: US 20040116320 A1

AB: The present invention relates to a laundry and cleaning composition comprising a detergent ingredient and a product of reaction between a primary and/or secondary amine and a perfume component. By the present invention, there is obtained a release of the active component over a longer period of time than by the use of the active itself.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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☐ 10. Document ID: US 20030211963 A1

AB: The present invention relates to a laundry and cleaning composition comprising a detergent ingredient and a product of reaction between a primary and/or secondary amine and a perfume component. By the present invention, there is obtained a release of the active component over a longer period of time than by the use of the active itself.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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Clear	Generate Collection	Print	Fwd Refs	Bkwd Refs	Generate OACS
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Terms	Documents
L26 and floor	20

Hit List

[Clear](#)[Generate Collection](#)[Print](#)[Fwd Refs](#)[Bkwd Refs](#)[Generate OACS](#)

Search Results - Record(s) 11 through 20 of 20 returned.

☐ 11. Document ID: US 20030204864 A1

AB: Transgenic chloroplast technology could provide a viable solution to the production of Insulin-like Growth Factor I (IGF-I), Human Serum Albumin (HSA), or interferons (IFN) because of hyper-expression capabilities, ability to fold and process eukaryotic proteins with disulfide bridges (thereby eliminating the need for expensive post-purification processing). Tobacco is an ideal choice because of its large biomass, ease of scale-up (million seeds per plant), genetic manipulation and impending need to explore alternate uses for this hazardous crop. Therefore, all three human proteins will be expressed as follows: a) Develop recombinant DNA vectors for enhanced expression via tobacco chloroplast genomes b) generate transgenic plants c) characterize transgenic expression of proteins or fusion proteins using molecular and biochemical methods d) large scale purification of therapeutic proteins from transgenic tobacco and comparison of current purification/processing methods in E. coli or yeast e) Characterization and comparison of therapeutic proteins (yield, purity, functionality) produced in yeast or E. coli with transgenic tobacco f) animal testing and pre-clinical trials for effectiveness of the therapeutic proteins.

Mass production of affordable vaccines can be achieved by genetically engineering plants to produce recombinant proteins that are candidate vaccine antigens. The B subunits of Enterotoxigenic E. coli (LTB) and cholera toxin of Vibrio cholerae (CTB) are examples of such antigens. When the native LTB gene was expressed via the tobacco nuclear genome, LTB accumulated at levels less than 0.01% of the total soluble leaf protein. Production of effective levels of LTB in plants, required extensive codon modification. Amplification of an unmodified CTB coding sequence in chloroplasts, up to 10,000 copies per cell, resulted in the accumulation of up to 4.1% of total soluble tobacco leaf protein as oligomers (about 410 fold higher expression levels than that of the unmodified LTB gene). PCR and Southern blot analyses confirmed stable integration of the CTB gene into the chloroplast genome. Western blot analysis showed that chloroplast synthesized CTB assembled into oligomers and was antigenically identical to purified native CTB. Also, GM.sub.1,-ganglioside binding assays confirmed that chloroplast synthesized CTB binds to the intestinal membrane receptor of cholera toxin, indicating correct folding and disulfide bond formation within the chloroplast. In contrast to stunted nuclear transgenic plants, chloroplast transgenic plants were morphologically indistinguishable from untransformed plants, when CTB was constitutively expressed. The introduced gene was stably inherited in the subsequent generation as confirmed by PCR and Southern blot analyses. Increased production of an efficient transmembrane carrier molecule and delivery system, like CTB, in transgenic chloroplasts makes plant based oral vaccines and fusion proteins with CTB needing oral administration a much more practical approach.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KMC	Draw Des
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☐ 12. Document ID: US 20030083231 A1

AB: The invention relates to the use of compounds to treat a number of conditions, such as thrombocytopenia, neutropenia or the delayed effects of radiation therapy. Compounds that can be used in the invention include methyl-2,3,4-trihydroxy-1-O-(7,17-dioxoandrost-5-ene-3.beta.-yl)-.beta.-D- -glucopyranosiduronate, 16.alpha.,3.alpha.-dihydroxy-5.alpha.-androst-17- -one or 3,7,16,17-tetrahydroxyandrost-5-ene, 3,7,16,17-tetrahydroxyandrost- -4-ene, 3,7,16,17-tetrahydroxyandrost-1-ene or 3,7,16,17-tetrahydroxyandros- tane that can be used in the treatment method.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KMC	Draw Des
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☐ 13. Document ID: US 20030064899 A1

AB: The present invention relates to a product of reaction between a primary and/or secondary amine and one or more active ingredients. By the present invention, there is provided a release of the active component over a longer period of time than by the use of the active itself.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KMC	Draw Des
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☐ 14. Document ID: US 20030060425 A1

AB: The invention provides compositions comprising formula 1 steroids, e.g., 16.alpha.-bromo-3 .beta.-hydroxy-5.alpha.-androst-17-one hemihydrate and one or more excipients, including compositions that comprise a liquid formulation comprising less than about 3% v/v water. The compositions are useful to make improved pharmaceutical formulations. The invention also provides methods of intermittent dosing of steroid compounds such as analogs of 16.alpha.-bromo-3.beta.-hydroxy-5.alpha.-androst-17-one and compositions useful in such dosing regimens. The invention further provides compositions and methods to inhibit pathogen replication, ameliorate symptoms associated with immune dysregulation and to modulate immune responses in a subject using the compounds. The invention also provides methods to make and use these immunomodulatory compositions and formulations.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments	Claims	KMC	Draw Des
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☐ 15. Document ID: US 6844309 B1

AB: Ether-capped poly(oxyalkylated) alcohol surfactants having superior grease cleaning abilities and improved spotting/filming benefits are provided. The alcohol surfactants have the formula:

wherein, R is selected from the group consisting of linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted, aliphatic or aromatic hydrocarbon radicals having from about 1 to about 30 carbon atoms; R.sup.1 may be the same or different, and is independently selected from the group consisting of branched or linear C.sub.2 to C.sub.7 alkylene in any given molecule; R.sup.2 is selected from the group consisting of: (i) a 4 to 8 membered substituted, or unsubstituted heterocyclic ring containing from 1 to 3 hetero atoms; (ii) a 7 to 13 membered substituted, or unsubstituted polycyclic ring; (iii) a hydrocarbon of the formula:

wherein x is a number from 1 to about 30.

RO(R.sup.1 O).sub.x R.sup.2

--(CH.sub.2).sub.y --X wherein, y is an integer from 1 to 7, X is a 4 to 8 membered substituted, or unsubstituted, saturated or unsaturated cyclic or aromatic hydrocarbon radical; and (iv) a hydrocarbon radical of the formula:

--C(CH.sub.3).sub.2 R.sup.3 wherein R.sup.3 is selected from the group consisting of linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted, aliphatic or aromatic hydrocarbon radicals having from about 1 to about 30 carbon atoms, provided that when R.sup.3 is methyl, R is branched;

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KWIC	Draw. Des
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☐ 16. Document ID: US 6790815 B1

AB: The present invention relates to a product of reaction between a primary and/or secondary amine and one or more active ingredients. By the present invention, there is provided a release of the active component over a longer period of time than by the use of the active itself.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KWIC	Draw. Des
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☐ 17. Document ID: US 6593287 B1

AB: Compositions including ether-capped poly(oxyalkylated) alcohol surfactants having superior grease cleaning abilities and improved spotting/filming benefits are provided. The alcohol surfactants have the formula:

wherein, R is selected from the group consisting of linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted, aliphatic or aromatic hydrocarbon radicals having from about 1 to about 30 carbon atoms; R.sup.1 may be the same or different, and is independently selected from the group consisting of branched or linear C.sub.2 to C.sub.7 alkylene in any given molecule; R.sup.2 is selected from the group consisting of: (i) a 4 to 8 membered substituted, or unsubstituted heterocyclic ring containing from 1 to 3 hetero atoms; (ii) a 7 to 13 membered substituted, or unsubstituted polycyclic ring; (iii) a hydrocarbon of the formula:

wherein x is a number from 1 to about 30.

RO(R.sup.1 O).sub.x R.sup.2

--(CH.sub.2).sub.y --X wherein, y is an integer from 1 to 7, X is a 4 to 8 membered substituted, or unsubstituted, saturated or unsaturated cyclic or aromatic hydrocarbon radical; and (iv) a hydrocarbon radical of the formula:

--C(CH.sub.3).sub.2 R.sup.3 wherein R.sup.3 is selected from the group consisting of linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted, aliphatic or aromatic hydrocarbon radicals having from about 1 to about 30 carbon atoms, provided that when R.sup.3 is methyl, R is branched;

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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☐ 18. Document ID: US 6566312 B2

AB: The present invention relates to a product of reaction between a primary and/or secondary amine and one or more active ingredients. By the present invention, there is provided a release of the active component over a longer period of time than by the use of the active itself.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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☐ 19. Document ID: US 6482786 B1

AB: The present invention relates to a liquid bleaching composition comprising a peroxygen bleach, a zwitterionic betaine surfactant, a sulphonated hydrotrope, and a nonionic surfactant. This composition is suitable to deliver excellent stain removal performance and bleaching performance on various surfaces including fabrics and hard-surfaces, with improved physical stability, especially at low temperatures.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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☐ 20. Document ID: US 6413920 B1

AB: The present invention relates to a product of reaction between a primary and/or secondary amine and one or more active ingredients. By the present invention, there is provided a release of the active component over a longer period of time than by the use of the active itself.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference			Claims	KWIC	Draw Des
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Clear	Generate Collection	Print	Fwd Refs	Bkwd Refs	Generate OACS
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Terms	Documents
L26 and floor	20

Display Format:

[Previous Page](#)

[Next Page](#)

[Go to Doc#](#)